**Explanation of the code:**

The code is fully commented on and explained.

The code for this task is to test four different sorting algorithms. We will measure the amount of time that each algorithm requires to sort 30 random arrays, 30 sorted arrays and 30 inversely-sorted arrays. And all of the arrays sizes are 30. We will also compute the number of comparisons performed for each n. Then, we will print out the result as a table in the console and export our data in a csv file. Laslty, we will import our csv file into excel and create graphs to visualize our data.

**Complexity analysis of the algorithm:**

To get the time complexity of this program isn’t straightforward. Since we compare multiple sorting algorithms we have to first calculate all of the worst-case scenarios for all of them individually. And then we can pick out the more dominant result out of all of them.

Heap Sort: O(nlogn)

Selection Sort: O(n^2)

Bubble Sort: O(n^2)

Insertion Sort: O(n^2)

So based of the results we can say that the entire program has a time complexity of O(n^2) since selection, bubble, and insertion all dominate the O(nlogn) from the heap sort algorithm.

**Code**:

#include <iostream>

#include <time.h>

#include <cstdlib>

#include <chrono>

#include <iomanip>

#include <fstream>

using namespace std;

using namespace std::chrono;

// Global counter for comparisons made

long long comparisons;

// Function to swap two elements in the array

void swap(int arr[], int i, int j) {

int temp = arr[i];

arr[i] = arr[j];

arr[j] = temp;

}

// Function to print the array

void printArray(int arr[], int n) {

for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {

cout << arr[i] << " ";

}

cout << "\n";

}

// Function to heapify a subtree rooted with node `i`

void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {

int smallest = i;

int left = 2 \* i + 1;

int right = 2 \* i + 2;

if (left < n && arr[left] < arr[smallest]) {

comparisons++; // count only when comparing values

smallest = left;

}

if (right < n && arr[right] < arr[smallest]) {

comparisons++; // count only when comparing values

smallest = right;

}

if (smallest != i) {

swap(arr, i, smallest);

heapify(arr, n, smallest);

}

}

// Function to build a min heap from the array

void buildHeap(int arr[], int n) {

for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) {

heapify(arr, n, i);

}

}

// Function to sort the array using heap sort

void heapSort(int arr[], int n) {

comparisons = 0;

buildHeap(arr, n);

for (int i = n - 1; i > 0; i--) {

swap(arr, 0, i);

heapify(arr, i, 0);

}

}

// Function for selection sort

void selectionSort(int arr[], int n) {

comparisons = 0;

int i, j, min\_idx;

for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {

min\_idx = i;

for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {

comparisons++;

if (arr[j] < arr[min\_idx])

min\_idx = j;

}

swap(arr[min\_idx], arr[i]);

}

}

// Bubble Sort function

void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n) {

comparisons = 0;

int i, j;

bool swapped;

for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {

swapped = false;

for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {

comparisons++;

if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {

swap(arr[j], arr[j + 1]);

swapped = true;

}

}

if (!swapped)

break;

}

}

// Insertion Sort function

void insertionSort(int arr[], int n) {

comparisons = 0;

int i, key, j;

for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {

key = arr[i];

j = i - 1;

while (j >= 0 && arr[j] > key) {

comparisons++;

arr[j + 1] = arr[j];

j = j - 1;

}

if (j >= 0) comparisons++;

arr[j + 1] = key;

}

}

void regenerateArrays(int randomArray[], int sortedArray[], int inverselySortedArray[], int n) {

// Generate random array

for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {

randomArray[j] = rand() % 100;

}

// Generate sorted array

for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {

sortedArray[j] = j;

}

// Generate inversely sorted array

for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {

inverselySortedArray[j] = n - j - 1;

}

}

void test\_comparisons(ofstream& csvFile) {

// This is our random number generator

srand(time(NULL));

// We initialize a variable to set a size for our array

const int n = 30;

// Now we initialize a variable to set the number of test cases

const int testCases = 30;

// Print headers for the output in the console

cout << left << setw(25) << "Algorithm" << setw(20) << "Array Type" << setw(15) << "Comparisons" << setw(15) << "Time(ns)" << endl;

cout << string(75, '-') << endl;

// Here we create a loop for each test case

for (int i = 0; i < testCases; ++i) {

int randomArray[n], sortedArray[n], inverselySortedArray[n];

// Initial array generation

regenerateArrays(randomArray, sortedArray, inverselySortedArray, n);

// Creating and opening our csv file that we will later on write to (I am pretty sure I can remove this line since I already call it in the main but I receive an error in the next line)

std::ofstream outFile("sorting\_performance.csv");

// Writing at the top of the csv file our headers

outFile << "Algorithm,Comparisons,Time(nanoseconds)\n";

// Starting our timer for this execution

auto start = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

// Calling the function

heapSort(randomArray, n);

// As soon as our function is called and finished executing we stop the timer

auto stop = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

// Saving our time total time in nanoseconds in a variable called durationHeapRandom

auto durationHeapRandom = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop - start);

// Now we write to our csv file our data with the number of comparison seperated by a comma with the calculated time

csvFile << "\nHeapSort Random Array," << comparisons << "," << durationHeapRandom.count() << "\n";

// And now we also write to the console our results

cout << left << setw(25) << "HeapSort" << setw(20) << "Random Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationHeapRandom.count() << "ns" << endl;

// For the next few lines of code the process is exactly the same as shown above so it would be redundant to re-explain everything over and over again.

auto start2 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

regenerateArrays(randomArray, sortedArray, inverselySortedArray, n);

heapSort(sortedArray, n);

auto stop2 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationHeapSorted = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop2 - start2);

csvFile << "HeapSort Sorted Array," << comparisons << "," << durationHeapSorted.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "HeapSort" << setw(20) << "Sorted Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationHeapSorted.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start3 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

regenerateArrays(randomArray, sortedArray, inverselySortedArray, n);

heapSort(inverselySortedArray, n);

auto stop3 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationHeapInverse = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop3 - start3);

csvFile << "HeapSort Inverse Array," << comparisons << "," << durationHeapInverse.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "HeapSort" << setw(20) << "Inverse Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationHeapInverse.count() << "ns" << endl;

// InsertionSort

auto start4 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

regenerateArrays(randomArray, sortedArray, inverselySortedArray, n);

insertionSort(randomArray, n);

auto stop4 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationInsertionRandom = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop4 - start4);

csvFile << "Insertion Random Array," << comparisons << "," << durationInsertionRandom.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Insertion" << setw(20) << "Random Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationInsertionRandom.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start5 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

insertionSort(sortedArray, n);

auto stop5 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationInsertionSorted = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop5 - start5);

csvFile << "Insertion Sorted Array," << comparisons << "," << durationInsertionSorted.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Insertion" << setw(20) << "Sorted Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationInsertionSorted.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start6 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

insertionSort(inverselySortedArray, n);

auto stop6 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationInsertionInverse = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop6 - start6);

csvFile << "Insertion Inverse Array," << comparisons << "," << durationInsertionInverse.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Insertion" << setw(20) << "Inverse Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationInsertionInverse.count() << "ns" << endl;

// BubbleSort

auto start7 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

regenerateArrays(randomArray, sortedArray, inverselySortedArray, n);

bubbleSort(randomArray, n);

auto stop7 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationBubbleRandom = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop7 - start7);

csvFile << "Bubble Random Array," << comparisons << "," << durationBubbleRandom.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Bubble" << setw(20) << "Random Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationBubbleRandom.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start8 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

bubbleSort(sortedArray, n);

auto stop8 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationBubbleSorted = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop8 - start8);

csvFile << "Bubble Sorted Array," << comparisons << "," << durationBubbleSorted.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Bubble" << setw(20) << "Sorted Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationBubbleSorted.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start9 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

bubbleSort(inverselySortedArray, n);

auto stop9 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationBubbleInverse = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop9 - start9);

csvFile << "Bubble Inverse Array," << comparisons << "," << durationBubbleInverse.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Bubble" << setw(20) << "Inverse Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationBubbleInverse.count() << "ns" << endl;

// SelectionSort

auto start10 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

regenerateArrays(randomArray, sortedArray, inverselySortedArray, n);

selectionSort(randomArray, n);

auto stop10 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationSelectionRandom = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop10 - start10);

csvFile << "Selection Random Array," << comparisons << "," << durationSelectionRandom.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Selection" << setw(20) << "Random Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationSelectionRandom.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start11 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

selectionSort(sortedArray, n);

auto stop11 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationSelectionSorted = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop11 - start11);

csvFile << "Selection Sorted Array," << comparisons << "," << durationSelectionSorted.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Selection" << setw(20) << "Sorted Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationSelectionSorted.count() << "ns" << endl;

auto start12 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

selectionSort(inverselySortedArray, n);

auto stop12 = high\_resolution\_clock::now();

auto durationSelectionInverse = duration\_cast<nanoseconds>(stop12 - start12);

csvFile << "Selection Inverse Array," << comparisons << "," << durationSelectionInverse.count() << "\n";

cout << left << setw(25) << "Selection" << setw(20) << "Inverse Array" << setw(15) << comparisons << setw(15) << durationSelectionInverse.count() << "ns" << endl;

}

}

int main() {

// Create and opening a csv file for writing

ofstream csvFile("sorting\_performance.csv");

// Write a header line to the CSV file.

csvFile << "Algorithm,Array Type,Test Case,Comparisons,Time(ms)" << endl;

// Here we simply call our function to execute

test\_comparisons(csvFile);

// Closing the file after we are done

csvFile.close();

}